Carbon Nanotubes Hydrophobic channels - Perfect Models for Membrane Water Channels



A balance between the size and hydrophobicity

Water-nanotube interaction can be easily modified



Modifying charges Modifying vdW parameters

Hummer, et. al., Nature, 414: 188-190, 2001

Carbon Nanotubes Hydrophobic channels - Perfect Models for Membrane Water Channels



- Much better statistics
- No need for membrane and lipid molecules

Carbon Nanotubes Hydrophobic channels - Perfect Models for Membrane Water Channels



- Much better statistics
- No need for membrane and lipid molecules

Water Single-files in Carbon Nanotubes



Water files form polarized chains in nanotubes

Calculation of Diffusion Permeability from MD

 Φ_0 : number of water molecules crossing the channel from the left to the right in unit time



 Φ_0 can be directly obtained through equilibrium MD simulation by counting "full permeation events"

Simulation of osmotic pressure induced water transport may be done by adding salt to one side of the membrane.

$NaCl \rightarrow Na^++Cl^-$



Semipermeable membrane

There is a small problem with this setup!

Problem: The solvents on the two sides of a membrane in a conventional periodic system are connected.



We can include more layers of membrane and water to create two compartment of water that are not in contact





Semipermeable membrane

Semipermeable membrane

Realizing a Pressure Difference in a Periodic System

 $P_1 = P_2 + nf \Rightarrow \Delta P = nf / A$

Fangqiang Zhu

f is the force on each water molecule, for *n* water molecules

The overall translation of the system is prevented by applying constraints or counter forces to the membrane.



F. Zhu, et al., Biophys. J. 83, 154 (2002).

Applying a Pressure Difference Across the Membrane

 $\Delta P = nf / A$



Applying force on all water molecules.

Not a good idea!

Applying a Pressure Difference Across the Membrane

 $\Delta P = nf / A$



Applying force on bulk water only.

Very good

Applying a Pressure Difference Across the Membrane

 $\Delta P = nf / A$



Applying force only on a slab of water in bulk.

Excellent

 P_f can be calculated from these simulations

$$\Phi_w = P_f A(\frac{\Delta P}{RT} - \Delta C_s)$$

Calculation of osmotic permeability of water channels

